Sports Humanitarian Group, Inc.

dba Right To Play

Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Report

December 31, 2016

Sports Humanitarian Group, Inc.

dba Right To Play

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Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors of Sports Humanitarian Group, Inc. dba Right To Play New York, New York

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Sports Humanitarian Group, Inc. dba Right To Play (a nonprofit organization) which comprise the statement of financial position as of December 31, 2016, and the related statements of activities and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Sports Humanitarian Group, Inc. dba Right To Play as of December 31, 2016, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Vargas & Rivera, LLP

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 26, 2017, on our consideration of Sports Humanitarian Group, Inc. dba Right To Play's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Sports Humanitarian Group, Inc. dba Right To Play's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

New City, New York

May 26, 2017

Sports Humanitarian Group, Inc. Statement of Financial Position dba Right To Play December 31, 2016

ASSETS

Current Assets	
Cash	\$ 1,450,741
Contribution Receivable	692,449
Advance Deposits (Note 3)	1,287,659
Prepaid Expenses	8,350
Total Current Assets	3,439,199
Security Deposits	17,500
Total Assets	\$ 3,456,699
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	\$ 420,257
Total Current Liabilities \ Total Liabilities	420,257
Net Assets	
Unrestricted	1,136,005
Temporarily Restricted	1,900,437
Total Net Assets	3,036,442
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 3,456,699

Sports Humanitarian Group, Inc. Statement of Activities dba Right To Play For the year ended December 31, 2016

	Unrestricted	Temporarily Restricted	Total	
Support and Revenue				
Government Contracts		\$ 386,259	\$ 386,259	
Foundation Grants		1,300,711	1,300,711	
Corporate Grants		1,178,330	1,178,330	
Contributions				
Foundation	73,871		73,871	
Corporate	400,689		400,689	
Individual	1,528,963		1,528,963	
Other Income	25,230		25,230	
Net Assets Released from Restrictions	1,645,712	(1,645,712)		
Total Support and Revenue	3,674,465	1,219,588	4,894,053	
Expenses				
Salaries and Benefits	1,062,598	-	1,062,598	
Contracted Services for Field Programs	1,148,024	-	1,148,024	
Professional Fees	195,347	-	195,347	
Occupancy Costs	329,355	-	329,355	
Office and Related Expenses	32,129	-	32,129	
Telephone and Postage Expenses	21,414	-	21,414	
Computer Software Expenses	7,688	-	7,688	
Media and Promotional Expenses	27,684	-	27,684	
Contributions for Program Expenses (Note 6)	2,850,799	-	2,850,799	
Travel and Conferences	89,710	-	89,710	
Bank Fees	19,560	-	19,560	
Events	7,447		7,447	
Total Expenses	5,791,755		5,791,755	
Change in Net Assets	(2,117,290)	1,219,588	(897,702)	
Net Assets, Beginning of Year	3,253,295	680,849	3,934,144	
Net Assets, End of Year	\$ 1,136,005	\$ 1,900,437	\$ 3,036,442	

Sports Humanitarian Group, Inc. Statement of Cash Flows dba Right To Play For the year ended December 31, 2016

Cash Flows From Operating Activities	
Change in Net Assets	\$ (897,702)
Adjustments to Reconcile Change in Net Assets to	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:	
(Increase) Decrease in Assets:	
Contribution Receivable	995,836
Advance Deposits	(682,684)
Prepaid Expenses	(1,583)
Trepalu Experises	(1,363)
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	268,251
Total Adjustments	 579,820
Net Cash Used In Operating Activities	(317,882)
Net cash osca in operating Activities	 (317,002)
Net Decrease In Cash	(317,882)
	, , ,
Cash, Beginning of Year	1,768,623
Cash, End of Year	\$ 1,450,741

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION

Sports Humanitarian Group, Inc. dba Right To Play (the "Organization") is a not-for-profit organization formed February 2, 1999 to raise awareness of humanitarian issues through sporting competition; to promote goodwill through sports; and to produce educational materials such as film, video and books in order to promote a better understanding of the problems faced by youths in poor and war-torn areas.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Financial Statement Presentation

The Organization reports information regarding its financial position and activities according to three classes of net assets: unrestricted net assets, temporarily restricted net assets and permanently restricted net assets. Contributions received are recorded as unrestricted, temporarily restricted or permanently restricted support, depending on the existence and/or nature of any donor restrictions. The Organization had no permanently restricted net assets.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, the Organization considers all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Support and Revenue Recognition

All contributions are considered to be available for unrestricted use unless specifically restricted by donor. All donor-restricted support is reported as an increase in temporarily restricted net assets, depending on the nature of the restriction. If a restriction is fulfilled in the same time period in which the contribution is received, the Organization reports the support as unrestricted. Otherwise, when a restriction expires (that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished), temporarily restricted net assets are reclassified to unrestricted net assets and reported in the statement of activities as net assets released from restrictions.

Revenue from grants and contracts is recognized as the related costs are incurred under the grant or contract agreement. This support may be subject to approved budgets, as amended, and may be subject to possible adjustment after audit by the granting agencies. The fiscal periods of these grants and contracts may differ from the fiscal year end of the Organization.

Use of Estimates in the Preparation of Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in The United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 – <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)</u>

Taxes

The Organization is a not-for-profit corporation exempt from federal income taxes under provisions of Section 501 (c) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code and is classified as a Public Charity under Section 170 (b) (1) (A) (vi).

The Organization's information returns are subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service for three years subsequent. Open tax years at December 31, 2016 include fiscal years 2013, 2014 and 2015. Management believes it has no material uncertain tax positions and accordingly, it has not recognized any liability for unrecognized tax benefits.

Fair Value Measurements

The Organization categorizes its financial instruments into a three-level fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs of valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). Valuation of assets and liabilities traded for less active dealer or broker markets that have significant observable inputs are classified as Level 2. Level 2 valuations are usually obtained from third-party pricing service valuations for identical or similar assets. If the inputs are used to measure fair value fall within different levels of the hierarchy, the category level is based on the lowest priority level input that is significant to the fair value measurement of the instrument.

NOTE 3 - ADVANCE DEPOSITS

Advance deposits consist of restricted funds transferred to Right To Play International, an affiliate organization, to carryout the Organizations international programs.

NOTE 4 - INVESTMENT VALUATION AND INCOME RECOGNITION

The Organization's investments are stated at fair value in the statement of financial position, with all gains and losses included in the statement of activities. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. See Note 2 for discussion of fair value measurement.

Investments acquired by gift are recorded at their fair value at the date of the gift. The Organization's policy is to liquidate all gifts of investments as soon as possible after receipt, taking into consideration the impact on market price.

Sales of securities are recorded on a trade-date basis. Interest and dividend income are recorded on the accrual basis. Realized gains or losses on the sale of marketable securities are calculated using the specific-identification method. Unrealized gains and losses represent the change in the fair value of the individual investments for the year, or since the acquisition date, if acquired during the year.

The Organization had no investments at December 31, 2016.

NOTE 5 - DONATED SERVICES & FACILITIES

Administrative supporting services have been provided by Right To Play International. Legal consulting services have been provided on a pro bono basis by various firms during the course of the year.

NOTE 6 - CONTRIBUTIONS FOR PROGRAM EXPENSES

The Organization has contributed to other organizations having a similar and related mission. Some of these are based in the United States, while others are foreign-based nonprofits. In determining whether to grant support to such organizations, due diligence is observed to ensure compliance with any donor stipulations and preferences.

For the year ended December 31, 2016, contributions of \$3,998,823 were made to Right To Play International, an affiliate organization.

Right To Play International is a global organization that uses the transformative power of play to educate and empower children facing adversity. Through different forms of play, including sports and games, this organization helps educate, empower and protect children in disadvantaged communities. It was founded in 2000 by four-time Olympic gold medalist and social entrepreneur Johann Olav Koss, President of Sports Humanitarian Group, Inc. dba Right To Play. Right To Play International's activities consist of the following:

- A) The delivery of programs in situations of disadvantage around the world to: (1) Support different forms of play as a strategy to enhance child development; (2) Build community capacity to deliver play by training local leadership; (3) Use various forms of play to promote the health and well being of a population; and (4) Reduce violence through play based programs with peace and conflict-resolution education.
- B) The development of education programs which: (1) Raise awareness of play as an effective development strategy; (2) Use play to teach the value of a quality education, healthy living and peace building; and (3) Develop life skills in children living in situations of disadvantage around the world.
- C) Research and policy development to support the inclusion of play, at the national and international levels, as recognized and well supported strategies of child and community development.
- D) Program Monitoring and Evaluation to ensure the best quality program resources and materials for the children participating in the Corporation's programming.

The Organization began to focus activities in the United States in 2003, as an effort to develop a network of high-level, influential business contacts that would be able to raise the profile of the Organization as a non-profit humanitarian organization, and thereby develop additional sources of revenue to complement governmental funds to achieve the objectives stated above. In addition, the Organization maintains relationships with athlete ambassadors and serves as a government liaison with the U.S. Government.

NOTE 7 – TEMPORARILY RESTRICTED NET ASSETS

Temporarily restricted net assets at December 31, 2016, are donor restricted for expenditures toward the following purposes:

Canada Uganda Challenge	\$ 21,890
Eccles Foundation for Liberia	15,000
Carson Family Charitable Trust	50,000
Mike Evans - NY School Program	72,778
Disney Worldwide Services - China	250,800
Glades Foundation	50,000
Silicon Valley Foundation	129,207
Microsoft Canada, Inc.	680,076
LDS Charities	622,886
Goldman Sachs Give UK	7,800
	\$ 1,900,437

NOTE 8 - COMMITMENTS

Occupancy Lease

A) The Organization leased its office space under an operating lease agreement expiring on February 28, 2017. Monthly minimum rent payments for the space escalate over the term of the lease at specified dates beginning at \$5,867 per month, effective March 2011 and increasing to \$8,350 per month.

B) The Organization currently leases its new office space under a three-year operating lease agreement expiring on February 28, 2020. Monthly minimum rent payments for the space escalate over the term of the lease at specified dates beginning at \$7,950 per month, effective March 1, 2017 and increasing to \$8,434.15 per month. The Organization was given a one-time rent free concession from time of lease signature in conjunction with two months security equal to two months base rent and 1/2 month base rent for March 2017 only.

Equipment Lease

The Organization has a lease for a copier that requires monthly payments of \$475 and expires in June 2020.

Future commitments under the operating lease are as follows:

Year Ending	0	Occupancy		Occupancy Equipment		Total	
2017	\$	88,250	\$	5,700	\$	93,950	
2018	·	97,785	·	5,700	•	103,485	
2019		100,719		5,700		106,419	
2020		16,868		2,850		19,718	
Thereafter		_					
	\$	303,622	\$	19,950	\$	323,572	

NOTE 9 - CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Organization to concentrations of credit risk consist of bank balances that at times exceed federally insured limits. Management believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risk on its balances.

NOTE 10 - EFFECT OF CURRENT ECONOMIC CONDITIONS ON CONTRIBUTIONS

The Organization depends heavily on contributions and grants for its revenue. The ability of the Organization's contributors and grantors to continue giving amounts comparable with prior years may be dependent upon current and future economic conditions and the continued deductibility for income tax purposes of contributions and grants to the Organization. While the Organization's board of directors believes the Organization has the resources to continue its programs, its ability to do so and the extent to which it continues may be dependent on the above factors.

NOTE 11 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Organization evaluates events occurring after the date of the financial statements to consider whether or not the impact of such events needs to be reflected or disclosed in the financial statements. Such evaluation is performed through the date the financial statements are available for issuance, which is May 26, 2017, for these financial statements, and concluded that no additional disclosures are required.



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Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Directors of Sports Humanitarian Group, Inc. dba Right To Play New York, New York

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Sports Humanitarian Group, Inc. dba Right To Play (a nonprofit organization) which comprise the statement of financial position as of December 31, 2016 and the related statements of activities, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 26, 2017.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Sports Humanitarian Group, Inc. dba Right To Play's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Sports Humanitarian Group, Inc. dba Right To Play's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Sports Humanitarian Group, Inc. dba Right To Play's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the organization's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the organization's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

New City, New York

Vargas & Rivera, LLP

May 26, 2017